

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ANGIER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, in all the Courts, State and Federal, and receive prompt and constant attention; 22, Gate City National Bank Building.

ATLANTA SURGICAL INFIRMARY, males and females, No. 107 Marietta St., Ga., under the direction of Dr. J. M. F. GASTON, M. D., proficient, amiable, and trained nurses.

LOY, LAKELANDER AND GURBETSHIELPER, Esq. Assistant St. Jacob's Hospital, Zu Leipzig, 22 Decatur street. Telephone 425.

FREDELENTHAL, M. D., SPECIALIST, all classes of diseases peculiar to women, both medical and surgical, and dispensary services. Hours 9 to 12, 2 to 5 p.m. 75 Broad Street.

HORNIGRAN, Archit., City Bank Building, charges the largest fee for his professional services. The terms charge excessive can find a number of architects in the city.

JAMES E. BAYLOR, ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Office No. 7 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga., made estimates, planned surveys, supervised and directed work for roads, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all engineering works. Correspondence solicited.

KUND G. LIND, F. H. ARCHITECT, Superintendent, 10th street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

J. L. LAWTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 10, 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga., Correspondence solicited.

EDWARD C. COOKE AND GEO. C. SPARRE, Attorneys at Law, 5 and 10 Atlanta National Bank Building, 15 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

GEN. L. G. B. COOKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, McDonough, Ga.

LUTON COLVILLE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 25½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

A. Elwood COOPER, W. W. MARSH, ATTORNEY AND LAWYERS, 17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

Y. ATKINSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Newnan, Ga.

P. LATNER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville, Ga. in Bailey building. A general law practice in the state and Federal Courts. Directions received at present.

MES. W. HARRIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Toocoo, Georgia. Box, Room No. 5 Newman building. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

JOHN SHEPHERD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, in cause in the State and U. S. Courts, and will practice in state government, and in the State Attorney, Marietta et, Atlanta, Ga.

W. J. HAM, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND Real Estate Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

W. Wright, MAX MYERHARDT, SEBORN WRIGHT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 10 Peachtree street, New York.

collections a Specialty.

DAY & EICHBERG, ARCHITECTS.

19 SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

SAVED HER LIFE

RIDGE, MCINTOSH CO., GA.

DR. J. BEADFIELD, Deaf St.: I have taken several bottles of your Femalite Regulator for falling of the womb and other diseases combined, of sixteen years standing, and I really believe I am cured entirely, for which please accept my thanks and most profound gratitude. I know your medicine saved my life, so when see I cannot speak too highly in its favor. Please recommend it to all my friends who are suffering as I was.

Yours very respectfully,

MRS. W. E. STEBBINS.

TESTED A QUARTER CENTURY.

It stands unrivaled.

J. BRADFORD, ATLANTA, GA.—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in telling that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. Bradford's Female Regulator and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. With kindest regards, I am, respectfully,

W. R. FERRELL, M. D.

ATLANTA, GA.

Dr. J. BRADFORD—Dear Sir: Some fifteen years ago I examined the recipe of Femalite Regulator, and carefully studied authority given to its components, and then (as well as now) pronounced it to be the most scientific and skillful combination of the really reliable remedial vegetable and animal substances, to act directly on the womb and nervous organs, and the organs and parts sympathizing directly with these; and, therefore, providing a specific remedy for all diseases of the womb and of the adjacent organs and parts.

Yours truly,

JESSE BORING, M. D. D.

Send for our Treatise on "Health and Happiness of Woman," mailed free.

BRADFORD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TRADE MARK

The South Carolina Exercised Over What is to Come Hereafter.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—The McCormick electoral bill, recently passed by the general assembly, is referred to the 1st district by Governor Cameron, with his objections to approving the same. The bill provides for the election by the legislature of county and city boards, to be invested with the power of appointment of all regiments, and to elect the members of the other, of which action is to place the whole election machinery in the hands of the party in power in the legislature. The governor objects to the bill mainly on the ground of partisanship, inserting into the appointments of the state by the democratic party.

They have voted to have the election day, and the present bill can be so construed as to make nugatory all attempts to have different political parties represented in these appointments. In the senate the bill was passed over the governor's veto by a vote of 22 to 9 to 9. The house took no action to-day in the matter.

GOVERNOR CAMERON'S VETO.

The McCormick Electoral Bill in the Virginia Legislature.

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THE RECKLESS RECRUITS.

We imagine that they have control of everything.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—The text of an address of the independents of the country, which was to be forwarded to Governor Cleveland, has not been published. The following passage occurs in it:

"They will uphold your administration, so far as they are concerned, in the execution of its principles, and in the second class of political parties in the government of, and by, and for the people."

It is believed that an honest and fearless government is as necessary for a free government as an able and vigorous administration itself, they will not hesitate to oppose the former, if it contravenes their principles which they cannot uphold."

The address was sent here from New York, for the purpose of being read before the members of the board of trade, which sat down on it, however. They objected to the implied threat, understanding that it would be time enough to object to the policy of Cleveland when it should be developed.

Cleveland Invited to Canada.

MONTREAL, Nov. 21.—Hon. Thomas A. Blodget and Messrs. Barnum, Jonas, Gardner, Smalley, Judd, Ham, Sullivan, Tarpay and Wilson, of the democratic national committee, will occupy the special car that will be attached to the 8½ New York Central train from this city to Albany, N. Y., on Friday evening. The car will be the guest of Governor Cleveland and the entire party will be the guests of Governor Cleveland until 2:30 p.m., when they will start on the return trip to this city. It will be the first meeting of Cleveland and Hendricks since their election.

THE MEETING OF CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS.

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THE DAKOTA VOTE.

YANKTON, Dakotah, Nov. 21.—The official vote of North Carolina for presidential electors is as follows: Cleveland, 142,905; Blaine, 125,068; St. John, 448. Democratic plurality, 17,837. The vote for state officers will be canvassed by the legislature in about two weeks.

HE WILL NOT LIVE IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Blaine has rented the house of ex-Secretary Windom, on Massachusetts avenue, and is expected to occupy it in about two weeks.

THE SWISS IN TENNESSEE.

CHATANOOGA, Tenn., November 21.—(Special) General Flier, Swiss ambassador to the United States, arrived in the city to-day, accompanied by Hon. Peter Staats, of Knoxville. Staats informed him that he had been appointed to the post of minister to the Swiss Republic, and that he had delivered an irreligious address. The Senor Nocedal, son of the civil chief of the Carlists, editor of El Siglo Futuro, was also present. He is a member of the Carlist party, and is a native of Spain. He has been here to protest against this, and out of this disorder among the students. The rector of the university, who is a partisan of Senor Sagasta, liberal leader, did not suppress the disturbance, but allowed it to continue. The students were very active in the protest, and the republicans joined the students in uttering seditions. Revolters were fired by some of the excited persons in the throng, and several of the police and rioters were wounded. There were 68 persons arrested.

RANDOLPH TUCKER AS THE GUARDIAN OF CHILDREN.

LAUREL, Miss., Nov. 21.—Hon. Randolph Tucker has been appointed guardian for the minor children of the late President Garfield. His trust includes all the property owned by General Garfield in Virginia. Mrs. Garfield, in making the request for his appointment, referred to the kindly relation which had existed between Mr. Tucker and her late husband.

THE EMPEROR AND BISMARCK.

BERLIN, Nov. 21.—There were no示威者 present yesterday at the opening of the parliament. President Miller, in his speech, said that the 7th cavalry regiment, Emperor William looked wonderfully well, but once or twice during the reading of his speech, he was obliged to pause as if to collect strength with which to continue.

PAINTING THE TOWN RED.

SHERMAN, Texas, Nov. 21.—T. W. Akins and his son, Joseph, were killed this evening in a pitched battle with the sheriff and posse. Dr. Barnes, who was a witness, said that the combatants were not engaged. The posse, which was active in the fight, was wounded, but seriously. Officer Miller, of the posse, was shot through the left breast. The trouble originated from an attempt of the Akins to paint the town red, and when called upon by Officer Miller to surrender began hostilities.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVII.

ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 22, 1884.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WHO BEAT BLAINE?

THE WRANGLERS OF REPUBLICAN OFFICE-HOLDERS.

THE FIGHT FOR A SENATORSHIP.

The Republicans Try to Break the Democratic Majority.

CHICAGO, November 21.—A few days ago it was announced in these dispatches that Blaine, democrat, according to the returns to the canvassing board, was elected to the state senate from the 9th district, instead of Lemmon, republican, who had had a majority, according to the police returns, giving the democrats the majority in the state legislature on joint ballot, and power to elect a United States senator to succeed General Logan. The difference was found to be in the second precinct of the eighteenth ward. The police returns gave 100 votes in favor of Blaine, and giving him a majority of ten. The figures on the tally sheet seemed to be the original figures, showing no signs of erasure, though the poll book appears to have originally stood in the democrat column and made to correspond with the tally sheet. On behalf of Blaine it was stated that the original entry in the poll book was a clerical error. On behalf of Lemmon, who claimed the original entry in the poll book, it was shown that in this precinct the republican candidate for president and governor received 339 and 408 respectively, while the democratic candidate for these offices received 288 and 257, and he argued that it was impossible that such a large falling in the vote could have occurred in his (Lemmon's) vote. The question of calling on the judges to appear and testify, and of the power of the canvassing board to make changes in the returns was raised, and it was shown that there was in this precinct the election of the democrat, and that the clerks could not take a holiday Monday night, as the election was over, and the clerks living in distant parts of the city, who had to go to work before the polls opened and remain after they were closed, had no time to do so. Mr. Elkins' defense was that he was asked by a reporter.

"Defections and outside issues."

"Do you expect the independents to poll separately?"

"No, sir; they surprised me. They showed surprising strength."

"How about the stalwarts?"

"Their apathy did not help us and certainly went strong against us."

THE ALLEGED PARSON.

Mr. Burdick known to you before he made his little speech?"

"We had never heard of him. But his terrible blunder lost us the state of New York. The more it worked against us in every eligible state."

This afternoon the matter was referred to the court of general inquiry, and the trial of General Swain, to make a report upon the knowledge said to be in his possession of the duplication of Colonel Morris' pay account. It was said, he was a master of the art of the duplication of Colonel Morris' pay account. It was, he said, a matter of no consequence to the government, or to the army, whether a colonel or a major was responsible for the mistake.

"We had never heard of him. But his terrible blunder lost us the state of New York. The more it worked against us in every eligible state."

"How about the prohibitionists and labor element?"

"The laboring men stuck by us bravely outside of the few who were led astray; and as to the prohibitionists, we expected them to poll separately."

"How did you regard the present situation in New York?"

"Hopeful for the party. Cleveland's majority for governor has been cut down to a shadow, in spite of the assistance given the party by the stalwarts, independents, prohibitionists, and labor element."

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THE CHAT ABOUT

WITH THE PRESS AND PEOPLE OF GEORGIA.

A Railroad Accident at Americus.—A Brilliant Meteor.
Seen in Columbus.—A Douglas County Father
Christians His Seven Sons.—A Lawyer's Love,
Cleveland.—Other Items of Interest.

In the Gilmer superior court Peter Peck was found guilty in one case of cattle stealing, and plead guilty in another—sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. Three cases against Hig Newberry were dismissed. Pleas of guilty were filed in two cases and the sentence pronounced in each was \$100 and cost. Friends to his assistance, met the requirements of the law, and he was sent home with his wife and children for the first time in several months. Bill Worthy, charged with breaking M. V. Kelly's barn, was tried, found guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years. Counsel for the defendant have been allowed thirty days in which to prepare papers and argue a motion for a new trial. The case against Avery Bates for the same offense was continued, and he is under a \$1,000 bond. Wesley Brooks was found guilty of cattle stealing and sentenced to the chain-gang for one year.

R. E. Browning, of Lawrenceville, offers a reward for the return of a horse, which his seventeen year old son appropriated and rode away on.

Annie Rogers. Tuesday night, as the train, a passenger train from Macon was coming in, it struck an iron rail between Troup and Jackson streets. The rail bent, but did not break, in such a manner as to throw the train off. The engineer failed to see the obstruction, and as the cow catcher struck, it twisted the rail six feet. All of the distance the track and ties were torn up, and the marks still remain. The engine, left the union and stopped at the station, and an examination was made, revealing the above facts. The engineer is still clouded in mystery, nor the slight damage done to the engine, nor the spectator could have had is not known. This makes it hard within a week that a single iron rail could have given way on a straight track, as was doubtless intended. It would have gone down a high grade, and no damages done. We hope the investigation will succeed in finding the miscreants.

The Columbus Times says that a brilliant meteor was seen by many Wednesday night about eight o'clock. It started from the northeast portion of the heavens and traversed the sky in a semi-circle, being exceedingly bright. It was visible to the eye for a full diameter and several feet long. The glare of the same was such that the ground at the point was lit up as by a flash of lightning. That who saw it describe it as simply magnificent, A great many have been observed of late.

The reward of \$500 offered by Messrs. B. A. Biggers, P. J. Biggers, Jr., and T. J. Pierce, of Milledgeville, for the arrest of the person or persons who administered the poison to the Messrs. Biggers and Mr. Burgess and wife, is without. They take this step because they feel confident that the negro woman, Mary Davis, who is now in custody, is the guilty party.

Mrs. Glover Hood, of Gravittine, Ga., will shortly move to West Point and occupy the Langford Hotel.

The boiler for the steamer Franklin is being placed in position. This will complete the machinery, and all that is needed then is a little more water.

Little Mary Callaway, daughter of Rev. J. M. Calaway, fell in a tub of hot water last Sunday morning, and was badly scalded. The little sufferer is doing well as could be expected, and we hope she will soon be well again.

Douglasville Star. Uncle James Forsyth has been blessed above most men in respect of children. Recently the seventeenth, a son, was born to him. He named it Andrew, after his father, and is patiently waiting for twenty-four years for a democratic president to be elected, so that he could name his son Andrew Jackson Forsyth. What a dream! What a number of responsibilities resting on one man! For a period of over thirty years he has labored to the best of his ability to raise his children with kind and loving words; attended to their wants in the world, shielded which his wife, a widow, had no means of support. He has been patiently waiting for twenty-four years for a democratic president to be elected, so that he could name his son Andrew Jackson Forsyth. What a dream!

The gunhouse and machinery of Hon. W. S. Allen, of Fruitt Hill, Edgefield county, was destroyed by fire Friday night; also 27 bales of cotton. The entire loss is about \$4,000, with about \$900 insurance. The fire was accidental.

ITEMS OF INDUSTRY.

Over 10,000 bales of cotton have been received this season, and 10,000 bales in excess of amount received last year at same date. The bulk of the crop has now passed out of the hands of the young owner.

The cane crop in Emanuel county is almost a failure, but the county will never make any potatoes to the acre than she has made this year.

About 5,000 bales cotton have been brought to town this season.

A good deal of cotton is shipped from LaGrange direct to Liverpool.

Hon. Fleming G. DuBignon.

From the Savannah Times.

We have just received a meeting this morning from Hon. Fleming G. DuBignon, the newly elected solicitor general of the Eastern circuit, who has just returned from Atlanta. Mr. DuBignon is a lawyer of acknowledged ability, a courteous gentleman, thoroughly informed upon the laws of the state, and is a member of the bar of the highest branch of the general assembly; an orator brilliant and eloquent, just and impartial, and with a decided sense of humor. He is a member of the solicitor general with dignity and ability. The Eastern friends are greatly gratified to learn that he has been unanimously elected by the legislature of the state will be faithfully, fearlessly and intelligently represent the people of Georgia in his career.

A white man pleaded guilty to the charge of having two wives. Both of the wronged women were in court, and one of them carried a knife and threatened her sister, but the judge sentenced him to four years at hard labor in the penitentiary. The fellow, in pleading guilty, asked the judge for a forty-eight hour sentence, and that the law was too merciful.

The man, who was the common law doctor, was that of A. McLean against Wootton involving the title to a body of land. The trial of the case was adjourned for eight hours, and was decided against Mr. McLean, whose counsel moved for a new trial.

Reporters say:

"On Sunday last anathema was uttered on the farm of Mr. George Sims, in the Dennis neighborhood, eight miles southwest of LaGrange. It was occupied by a freedman, who was shot dead by his master, John W. Wootton, at the scene. While the tenebris was yet in flames, Mr. Sims, believing the accident to have been the work of his master, rushed into the house of the absent occupant, said something about throwing him into the fire, if he was present. The negro, who was a slave, and one of them, Simms, fled into the woods, and the negro, who was lying on the ground, was shot and killed.

We have just received a meeting this morning from Hon. C. W. Ivey, W. W. Chapman and William Hobbs, who has been on trial in Taylor superior court this week, the jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff. This is a case which has excited considerable interest in the city and town, and procured a warrant for the arrest of his assailant. The trial was held, but a retrial was made to the effect that the aggressor should be taken. Thompson, the papers were placed in the hands of Mr. W. W. Chapman, who was then taken to the ground. The trial was the signal for a general assault upon the negroes, knives, etc., by the enraged negroes. By some means he escaped from them and retreated to his residence, where he remained until the trial of killing Mr. Sims. The next day he came to the grand jury, who returned a true bill, and the人民的 verdict of the jury said something about throwing him into the fire, if he was present.

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UGGISTS

PUT THIS OUT!

Remember that you

Save Money

ng the following goods
as they are "Rebated"
price the same as New
Baltimore or Philadelphia.

Ague Cure,
Carthartic Pills,
Cherry Pectoral,
Hair Vigor,
Sarsaparilla,
in,

s Iron Bitters,
s Taffy Tolu,
in lots of \$20
s Pain Extractor,
Davis Pain Killer,
s Infant Food,
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m's Pills,

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e's German Syrup,
s August Flower,
gham's Whisker Dye,
Hair Renewer,
s Lung Balsam,
s Carbolic Salve,
s Tonic,

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Empty Capsules,
Celerina,
Pinus Canadensis,

ord's Acid Phosphate,
Bread Preparation,
ord's Liver Invigorator,
nck's Pills,

Pulmonic Syrup,
Sea Weed Tonic,
t's Emulsion,

son's Capcine Plasters,
ant's Ext. C & C,
Seltzer Aperient,
ow's Gossamer Powder,
Swan Down Powder,

Jacobs Oil,
ter's F. and A. Specific,
Iron Tonic,
Liver Pills,

Lung Balsam,
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tracts, Pills, etc.

There are many other arti-
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ually close figures, but we
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em this week.
We are still

HEADQUARTERS

FOR —

indow Glass of the best grade.

ST. LOUIS LEAD,

Pure Linseed Oil,

URPENTINE,

—AND—

LUBRICATING OILS.

AMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR

40 & 42 Wall St.

THE LEGISLATURE.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

The Two Houses Were in Session With the Business in Hand.—The Roll called for the Introduction of New Messrs.—Names of Bills Introduced and Read.

The senate met yesterday at the usual hour, President Carlton presiding. After prayer by the chaplain, Rev. John Jones, the journal was read and approved.

Mr. Hildy, of the committee on privilege of the floor, presented a resolution, which was adopted, requiring that all invitations to eat on the floor should be approved by at least one member of the committee on privilege.

Mr. Davidson, of the committee on the Jenkins and Stephens pictures, reported that they had been examined and accepted; that the Jenkins picture had been hung in the hall of the house and that arrangements were being made for hanging the Stephens picture.

Mr. Collier of Columbia—A bill to fix liquor license fees.

Adversely on the bill to amend section 129 of the revised code so as to bring on the election of county officers in Aug. 4.

Favorably on the bill to discharge certain public debt from the lien of any judicial decree or process.

Unfavorably on the bill to amend section 4372 of the code.

A temperature bill, with a recommendation that it be referred to the temperature committee, which was afterward done.

The speaker was granted leave of absence until Monday to attend to important business.

Mr. Harris, of Bibb, chairman of the finance committee, offered a resolution to authorize the governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies in the state treasury.

Mr. Middlebrook, of Newton, introduced a resolution amending the rules. Referred to the committee on rules.

The house adjourned to 10 o'clock Saturday.

LAWLESS NOTES.

Speaker Pro Tem Lamar will preside to-day.

Speaker Little being unavoidably absent.

Local and special bills continue to pass in both houses.

It now takes a little more time to get such a bill in but the house is good humored and has never yet got into a tangle over it.

The bill will be referred to the appropriate committee.

The rules were suspended, the roll called, and the following bills were introduced, read a first time, and referred as indicated:

Mr. Cabaniss—To the word "suspect" in section 4372 add "and."

Mr. Colley—To amend the law touching the selection of grand and traverse jurors.

Mr. Fallinger—To authorize proceedings in equity in certain cases of insolvency.

Mr. Jordan—To authorize guardians, trustees, executors, and administrators to invest in stocks, bonds and other securities, etc.

Mr. Johnson—To the special order of Monday, to amend section 4372 so that it could be present at that time and after a short discussion Mr. Ray made the point of order that a bill could not, on its second reading, be made a special order. The point was sustained but it was agreed, by common consent, to refer it to the appropriate committee.

On motion of Mr. Rankin bills were taken up for a second reading.

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The Constitution:

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA: GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day in the week, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month, \$2.50 for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains ending out of Atlanta, and news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ANEWSCHEDULE

On next Sunday, the 23d, the East Tennessee Short Line will put on a new fast mail train that will very much expedite the distribution of *The Constitution*.

The train will leave Atlanta at 4:45 a.m. It will carry with it *The Constitution* for that day. Before 8 o'clock it will have put the paper in every town between Atlanta and Macon. At 8 o'clock it will start towards Brunswick with the morning Constitution, distributing them fully along the line.

The advantage of this will be offered to people in the towns and cities affected. The full and complete Constitution will reach most of them before midday with its complement of news and gossip. This will gratify those who have stood by us, even when the paper was belated. It will prove an incentive to those who have not yet taken the paper because of imperfect delivery.

By this special limited train Jesup will be reached at three o'clock and Jacksonville at eight o'clock in the evening, and our numerous friends from Georgia living at Sauford and other points on upper St. John can receive *The Constitution* the morning after its publication.

The train will be to the south. The paper is printed every day in the year. A democratic president is elected. The legislature is in session, Congress meets in three weeks. Every intelligent man needs a newspaper. That is just what *The Constitution* is. Price \$10 a year, \$5 for six months, \$2.50 for three months.

Address THE CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, NOVEMBER 22, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the south Atlantic states: slightly warmer and fair weather, northeast to southeast winds, lower barometer.

The Boston Journal says that Mr. Blaine's popularity was pleasantly demonstrated at Augusta on Tuesday night. Mr. Blaine's popularity has been very pleasantly demonstrated in more than one instance during the past few weeks.

The business men of Montgomery, Alabama, in taking action upon the recent slanders on the south, passed resolutions declaring that the southern people had left the past behind them and would not be deterred from pressing steadily forward.

The great number of failures and the numerous suspensions of mills and factories indicate a severe season of destitution. It is in such times as these that the farmer can be serene, and reflect that his home and fireside are not effected by business reverses.

The vote of New York not only shows a plurality for Cleveland and Hendricks, but has passed through all the formalities of the canvass, and the record has been marked by the great seal of the state. Thus the prize has passed beyond all possible recall.

Now that it has been shown that Frank Hatton made the postoffice employees of New York city attend to their work instead of juggling at the polls thereby giving Mr. Cleveland votes, the solid south is willing to join in the cry of "Hurrah for Hatton!"

The Philadelphia News in commenting on the Augusta speech of Mr. Blaine says:

This is no swan song of Mr. Blaine. There is no sign of despair or desperation. The speech rather has the sound of the swoop of the eagle's wings.

The fact becomes more apparent every day that the defeat of the Magnetic Man has seriously affected the soberness of his whole party.

The senate proceedings yesterday, contained nothing of special interest. In the house, Mr. Abbott's bill increasing the aldermen of Atlanta from three to five was passed. Mr. Smith, of Crawford, introduced a bill to establish an inebriate asylum. Numerous larceny bills were introduced. A good many leaves of absence were granted in both houses.

Occasionally, when the curtain is drawn aside, it can be seen how very common the so-called nobility is. The son of Lord Cairns who has just pleaded guilty by the payment of \$50,000 damages to an actress showed himself to be without the manhood of his love. And Lord Coleridge, who was feted so much during his recent trip to this country, is charged in court with having caused his son to forge a libelous letter in order to wean his daughter away from an objectionable suitor.

"PRETENSIONS" OF THE SOUTH. Referring to the remarks printed in these columns yesterday from the pen of Editor Murat Halstead, of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, we beg to remind him once more that he has given neither a succinct nor a satisfactory answer to the inquiry addressed to him by *The Constitution*. It is an easy matter to speak of the "pretensions" of the south, but unless those who apply the epithet condescend to explain it, no one can get at its meaning. For instance, if we were in the mood to play the part of maniacs, we might write long columns about the bifurcation of the north, and such a charge would be apt and as easily proven as that which Editor Halstead brings against the southern people. When he declares that we are murderous assassins and rebellious traitors, we know precisely what he means, but when he says we have "pretensions," we do not pretend to understand the nature of the charge.

No doubt our readers are as bewildered as we are by the vagueness of Editor Halstead's reply to our inquiries. "Touching the alleged pretensions of the south, etc., he remarks, "the doctrine we preach is that of the equality of sovereign citizens." Very good, but is it a part of the "pretensions, etc.,"

of the south that Editor Halstead does not preach the doctrine of the equality of sovereign citizens? So far as we know the south has never made any such "pretension, etc." That is to say, none of us have ever desired or pretended such a doctrine. The charge that the colored people are disfranchised by southern public opinion is a wild and foolish one; but if it was true, it would be a fact and not a pretension. Relative to this charge, it is enough to say that it is one of the stale relics of a heated period. White men who do not comply with the law are disfranchised, and so are black men; but Editor Halstead's charge is invented to sustain the ridiculous theory not only that every colored voter wants to vote, but that he wants to vote the republican ticket.

In the course of his reply which we printed yesterday, Editor Halstead said that "the growth of the country will wipe out the pretension of the south to equality with all the rest of the country." This, then, is one of the pretensions of the south—the claim of equality with all the rest of the country. Such a "pretension" is certainly constitutional. The south is not only an equality with all the rest of the country, but with every part thereof. This is a claim that need not be insisted on, since it settles itself. There is no doubt about the equality of the solid south, states are too mild to have much effect upon such ruffians, but this is a mistake. Our vagrancy laws are good enough. The trouble is that they are rarely enforced. It is not pleasant, however, to see Atlanta held out as the central rallying place and distributing point for all the tramps who come south to spend the winter. Perhaps a little effective work here and in other southern cities will roll back the tide of invasion. Vagrants have no fancy for the country at this season of the year. They strike for cities and towns where they can find shelter, old clothes, free lunches, whisky and opportunity to sleep and sweat sleeping. Now is a good time to take them in hand. If this national tramp nuisance is not abated the country in a few years will be at the mercy of a horde of homeless savages, whose trade will be robbery, and whose weapons will be the torch and the concealed pistol.

Editor Blaine's threat that the northwest will soon make a corner of the south is well understood in this section. But there is as much honesty in the northwest as elsewhere, and we do not believe that there has been bought for \$10,000, but the said B. F. Jones was too stony. St. John, we believe, was originally a republican, and it is an easy matter for an experienced man like Editor Blaine to size up a republican.

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No sooner Editor Halstead was playing for an office; but this is no reason why he should sacrifice the trade of Cincinnati.

The greatest duck this country has ever seen is Daddy Blaine—unless, indeed, we except the said B. F. Jones.

We very seldom hear of any unclaimed money in this country. Whenever a big fortune awaits her or claims her as his prey by his score, England it is different. Their millions have accumulated for centuries without being claimed by the proper parties. This money is mainly from the dividends on government stock, dormant funds in chancery, army and navy prize money, soldiers' unclaimed balances, estates reverting to the crown, dividends in bankruptcy, surplus assets of companies, and unclaimed bank deposits. The funds thus held up in ignorance alone amount to about eighty millions of pounds. Very little information is given to the public concerning these funds, and that is one reason why the proper claimants do not appear. In the meantime the government borrows the money, having it in hands now as much as \$36,000,000.

There seems to be an idea abroad that Carter Harrison is the coming democrat of the northwest. Carter is one of the few men in that section who know where the eagle bird roosts.

We said last year, and we repeat it this year, that the only way to reform the civil service is to turn out the racals that have corrupted it.

Now that Daddy Blaine has been heard from, let Uncle Smut Logau speak his piece. The country is dying to hear what Uncle Smut thinks of the redoubtably honest and popular political party clearly revealed in the extracts noted.

EOCHES FROM THE PEOPLE.

A Question of Registration.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I see a notice calling on citizens to register for the approaching city and county elections. Please explain whether parties will be entitled to vote in the municipal and county elections.

Unpartisan registration is the first of the present month they cannot vote at the approaching elections. The books are now open to registration, and the election will be held Saturday. They are kept open until 1 p.m. every night at No. 3 Peachtree street, 11 East Alabama street, and at the city clerk's office.

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IS GUERRY?
DISAPPEARANCE OF
ON LAWYER.

A foolish Negro—The Magis-
terial Court—New
Court on the Head With a
Gutless Meeting, Etc.

21.—[Special.]—The absence
of his friends much
be away from Macon since
and has not been heard
since his absence has been the
mentioned not a word to a
one concerned as to his whereabouts
and was connected
Whittle, in whose office he
had been seen about
and purpose are in doubt.
his city he was on his way
to remain here by friends
rite in society and liked by all.
He held several positions
as seen during the receipt of
bulletins. Thursday the
ed with Miss Ann Hutchins
that day, and was asked for his
he would secure the money
siner at the house. At night he
the meal he walked out
and the waiter had to say pleasant words.
He did not re-
paid. He had not been seen
since. When he left he did not
his clothes and possessions
him. His father, Judge W. B.
was unable to make an
it was a fruitless effort.
I imagine where my son
lost to understand
the difficulties. I took
some financial embarrassments,
I wrote him to make a change
and he had friends and thought he
in his profession." Mr. Guerry
in the sympathy of the citizens

enthusiastic Meeting.
ember 21.—[Special.]—An enthusiastic meeting of citizens
the introduction of the pur-
the appointment of the new
The meeting was called to
W. H. Felton, who nominated
Anderson for chairman and
with John T. Bonfield and
referred. Colonel Thos. Wil-
ered a resolution requiring every
two names, the three re-
number of votes to be declared
and B. Hall moved to amend it
shot ballot. After much dis-
Bingham's resolution was sus-
allowed. The following were ap-
First ward, Cunningham; sec-
d, third ward, W. C. Sim-
fourth ward, Geo. W. Case.
very exciting.

Thalien German.

21.—[Special.]—To-night the
of Colonel William B. Johnston
a gay party of young people, the
was the German given under
and the young men were dancing
lightfully. It was heartily en-
joyed. Among the guests of the
were Messrs. Alex. Johnson, Austin Hall, Claude
Lamar, Dolly Bount, Mabelian, Lulu, Boudie, Miss
Harris, Miss Fannie Hunt, Emma Stewart, Fannie
Faulkner and Dazy Hunt, Moses.
John, Mrs. John, Mrs. John, Mr.
George Ford, Stuart Jones, Joe Bount,
Cemp., Alice, Legion, W. C. Smith, Ruth
Judd, Mrs. Lulu Stevens, Beulah
Freeman, So. Hope, S. Pearson, Jno.
Harris. Among the chaperones
Mrs. Womble, Mr. and Mrs. Joe
Plant, and Mr. and Mrs. H. G.
The german was led by Mr. W.

In the Head with a Brick.

ember 21.—[Special.]—An alterna-
tive this morning in which Mr.
actor was hit in the face by a
Andrews.

The contractor money. He was
in the wrong that fol-
cured set, who struck him. He
and his jaw, on the side
which he had been hit, was
all and was carried home in a
car. He went to his house near the Cal-
on the head and died. When the house was ap-
to call it if that came in the
risk. Officer Mooney entered
in to see what had happened.
Officer Baugh followed, took the
des-experienced and took to the
police station. It is believed
just found a true bill against
the 16th term of the superior
court upon the matter was de-
ferred until a future meeting.

Reducing Wages in Petersburg, Va.

PETERSBURG, November 21.—The proprietors
of McKee's glass works have notified the
presses, gilders, etc., that their
wages will be reduced ten per cent. December
1. The workmen will meet in a few days
to consider the advisability of accepting the
reduction.

The employees of Robinson, Red & Co.'s
factory have also been notified of a ten
per cent reduction of their wages, to take ef-
fect next Monday.

The bolt, blacksmith and machine shops of
Oliver Brothers & Phillips, of the tenth street
mill, shut down last night on account of slack
orders and over-production.

The Hopdale Mills Shut Down.

BOSTON, November 21.—Notices were posted
last week in all the shops in Hopdale that
owing to the general dullness in business, it
was necessary to make a general reduc-
tion, and that if they could obtain
other jobs at the same pay which they
are now getting to accept them. The shops
under the firm names of the Hopdale
machine company and the Butcher temple
company, and are exclusively engaged in the
manufacture of cotton machinery, employing
several hundred hands. Outside it is understood
that these notices are the result of heavy
orders being countermanded recently.

Massachusetts Labor Troubles.

BOSTON, November 21.—Lumbers are current
of the Hopdale carpet mill, the
firm having shut down the
worst mill of the Bigelow carpet company,
at Clinton, and putting on half time of the
weaving mill.

Death of W. P. Wrenston.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., November 21.—[Special.]—A fire
which originated in H. T. Comer's restaurant,
and which is believed to have been of incendiary
origin, occurred at Wilson, N. C., at 3 o'clock
this morning, destroying property
valued at \$25,000. H. T. Comer lost \$10,000.
W. P. Wrenston, stable, \$2,000; John Selby,
\$2,000; B. H. Wilson, stable, \$2,500; the commercial
hotel, \$5,000; Weaver & Clark, warehouse,
\$3,000. Several smaller losses made up the total.

Wilmington, N. C., November 21.—A special

from Wilson, this state, to the Morning Star, says
that fifteen buildings were burned this morning.
Among the buildings burned were the Commercial
hotel, three livery stables and town market
house. Its loss is \$25,000. Insurance paid on
the total.

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Eighteen hundred men will be thrown out of
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employed in the Garrison foundry were noti-
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10 per cent, to go into effect next Monday.
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NEW YORK, November 21.—The wages
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York, Ontario and Western railroads will be
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Ten Per Cent in New Hampshire.

EXETER, N. H., November 21.—The Exeter
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of its operatives 10 per cent after December 1st.

An Air-Line Bond Improvement.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 21.—[Special.]—Colonel A. A. Campbell, of Atlanta, an extensive
owner between this city and Murphy, N. C., stated to-day that the Richmond and Danville
railroad have now 500 hands employed in extending
their line to Murphy, and think favorably of
building to the Ducktown copper mine, and there
is no difficulty in getting men to work on the
mine. Knob Creek was tried before
and the seaboard.

A Survey of the Talapoosa.

WAVERLY, November 21.—The secretary of the
newly organized surveying company, will determine
the amount of repairs to be made to the bridge
over the river before the same is taken for her service.

Two New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—The president
has appointed Geo. P. Burnett postmaster at
ome, Ga., and Wm. Jones postmaster at Green-
wood, Ala.

General Mention.

ember 21.—[Special.]—The case of
the colored treasurer of the Mechan-
ical and loan association, was heard to-
day. Matt Freeman, West paid the
the concern and was discharged.
It was arrested a negro named
the man, and was taken before
a question of where he got them.
He was tried before the
court, Knob Creek was tried before
for stealing the clothing from
a man, and he plead guilty and was
sentenced to prison for a short time.

Disappearance of Lawyer.

ATLANTA, GA., November 21.—The lawyer
of the firm of Guerry &
Guerry, spent the day in the city.

TRADE AND LABOR.

THE SUSPENSIONS AND FAILURES OF THE PAST WEEK.

Brisk Increase of Casualties Noted Over the
Week Before—The Lockout of Manufacturing
Establishments and the Reduction of
Wages Throughout the Country.

NEW YORK, November 21.—The business
failures throughout the country, occurring in
the last week, reported to R. G. Dan & Co.,
number for the United States 218 and for Can-
ada 29, a total of 277 failures. This is a
striking increase as compared with last week,
when the total was 256, and the previous week
214. The increase is mainly in the western
and southern states.

E. F. Coleman, cotton broker, No. 18 Broad-
way, has failed.

N. G. Galbraith, general merchants, at
the Alice, Tenn., have failed. Their liabilities
are estimated at \$5,000.

THE LABOR DEPRESSION.

The Low Price of Print Cloth Causes a Reduction in Labor.

Tom Fletcher Enters a Negro Man's House
and Attempts an Outrage.

FALL RIVER, Mass., November 21.—Early in
the week the manufacturers feared that they
would have to shut down their mills next
week again. During this week, however, the
market has shown a stronger tone and the
miners, well to do negro man, resides. His
wife is the result of all who know her, and
she is a woman of good character. Williams
works for one of the railroads, and is a boy
during the day. Several days later, Fletcher
has been hanging around Williams' house and
has made several ineffectual attempts to en-
gage his wife in conversation. Yesterday
evening at noon he went to Williams' house
and knocked at the door. The woman
opened the door and said she did not want to
see him. Fletcher sprang inside and grabbed her by the throat,
but fortunately for the woman, a small boy
was in the house, and his screams brought
several persons to the house. Fletcher, seeing
himself detected, wheeled around and sprang
out the door, but several negro women caught him
and throwing him detained him until the
police could be called in.

STEALING FROM A CONDUCTOR.

Two Sleeping Car Porters Arrested Charged With the Larceny of Money.

Clarence Lewis and Frank Claybrook, two
sleeping car porters, were yesterday arrested
by Patrolman Looney. Before the Western
and Atlantic passenger train arrived yesterday
at Atlanta, porters were arrested at police
headquarters asserting that a sleeping car con-
ductor Thursday night while asleep in his berth
of about fifty dollars, and that Clarence Lewis and
Frank Claybrook, two porters, were sus-
pected of the robbery.

Porters, district manager of the Knights of Labor, and H. C. Washington, district organizer of that body, were present,
and advised the weavers to organize and connect
themselves with the Knights of Labor. This course was favorably received by those
present, but action upon the matter was de-
ferred until a future meeting.

The Ingrain Carpet Depression.

PHILADELPHIA, November 21.—Nearly all the
ingrain carpet mills were closed to-day, owing
to the general dullness in business, and many
of the workers are idle. The strike was called to
W. H. Felton, who nominated Anderson for chairman and
with John T. Bonfield and referred. Colonel Thos. Wil-
ered a resolution requiring every
two names, the three re-
number of votes to be declared
and B. Hall moved to amend it
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Bingham's resolution was sus-
allowed. The following were ap-
First ward, Cunningham; sec-
d, third ward, W. C. Sim-
fourth ward, Geo. W. Case.
very exciting.

Georgia's Industrial Losses.

PHILADELPHIA, November 21.—[Special.]—One of the
most desirous offices in South Carolina is
the collection of the port of Charleston. The
present incumbent, Colonel Thomas B. Johnston,
a prominent republican, is ready to make any
effort to keep the port open.

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A Survey

